



Quality and Performance Report

March 2016

One team shared values











CONTENTS

Page 2 Introduction and Performance Summary

Page 3 New Indicators

Indicators Removed

Indicators where reporting methodology has been changed

Dashboards

| Page 4 | Safe Domain Dashboard |
|---------|---|
| Page 5 | Caring Domain Dashboard |
| Page 6 | Well Led Domain Dashboard |
| Page 7 | Effective Domain Dashboard |
| Page 8 | Responsive Domain Dashboard |
| Page 9 | Responsive Domain Cancer Dashboard |
| Page 10 | Compliance Forecast for Key Responsive Indicators |
| Page 11 | Research & Innovation - UHL |

Exception Reports

Page 12 **MRSA** Page 13 Outpatient Friends & Family Test - Coverage Page 14 **Emergency Readmissions** Page 15 No. of # Neck of femurs operated on < 36 hrs Page 16 52 Week Breaches - Incompletes 6 Week - Diagnostic Test Waiting Times Page 17 Page 18 Cancelled patients not offered a date with 28 days of the cancellations UHL Page 19 NHS e-Referral System (formerly known as Choose and Book) Page 20 **Ambulance Handovers** Page 21 **Cancer Waiting Times Performance** Cancer Patients Breaching 104 Days Page 22

UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS OF LEICESTER NHS TRUST

REPORT TO: INTEGRATED FINANCE, PERFORMANCE AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

QUALITY ASSURANCE COMMITTEE

DATE: 28th APRIL 2016

REPORT BY: ANDREW FURLONG, INTERIM MEDICAL DIRECTOR

RICHARD MITCHELL, DEPUTY CHIEF EXECUTIVE/CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER

JULIE SMITH, CHIEF NURSE

LOUISE TIBBERT, DIRECTOR OF WORKFORCE AND ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

SUBJECT: MARCH 2016 QUALITY & PERFORMANCE SUMMARY REPORT

1.0 Introduction

The following report provides an overview of TDA/UHL key quality and performance metrics and escalation reports where applicable.

2.0 Performance Summary

| Domain | Page Number | Number of Indicators | Indicators with target to be confirmed | Number of Red Indicators this month |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Safe | 4 | 22 | 7 | 2 |
| Caring | 5 | 10 | 3 | 1 |
| Well Led | 6 | 18 | 6 | 4 |
| Effective | 7 | 16 | 3 | 2 |
| Responsive | 8 | 17 | 2 | 9 |
| Responsive Cancer | 9 | 9 | 0 | 6 |
| Research – UHL | 11 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| Total | | 98 | 38 | 24 |

3.0 New Indicators

No new indicators.

4.0 <u>Indicators removed</u>

No indicators removed

5.0 <u>Indicators where reporting methodology/thresholds have changed</u>

No indicators with a change in reporting.

| | KPI Ref | Indicators | Board Director | Lead Officer | 15/16 Target | Target Set by | Red RAG/ Exception Report Threshold (ER) | 13/14 Outturn | 14/15 Outturn | Jan-15 | Feb-15 | Mar-15 | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 | YTD |
|------|------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------|--|------------------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | S1 | Clostridium Difficile | JS | DJ | 61 | TDA | Red if >mthly threshold / ER if Red or Non compliance with cumulative target | 66 | 73 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 60 |
| | S2a | MRSA Bacteraemias (AII) | JS | DJ | 0 | TDA | Red if >0 ER if >0 | 3 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| | S2b | MRSA Bacteraemias (Avoidable) | JS | DJ | 0 | UHL | Red if >0 ER if >0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | S3 | Never Events | JS | MD | 0 | TDA | Red if >0 in mth ER = in mth >0 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| | S4 | Serious Incidents | JS | MD | Not within Highest Decile | TDA | TBC | 60 | 41 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 49 |
| | S5a | Proportion of reported safety incidents per 1000 beddays | JS | MD | TBC | TDA | TBC | 37.5 | 39.1 | 35.0 | 38.2 | 36.3 | 38.0 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 38.9 | 36.4 | 40.7 | 36.5 | 37.4 | 37.4 | 34.6 | 35.7 | 38.1 |
| | S5b | Proportion of reported safety incidents that are harmful | JS | MD | Not within Highest Decile | TDA | TBC | 2.8% | 1.9% | | 2.3% | | | 1.6% | | | 1.3% | | | 1.1% | | | 0.8% | | 1.2% |
| | S6 | Overdue CAS alerts | JS | MD | 0 | TDA | Red if >0 in mth ER = in mth >0 | 2 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | S 7 | RIDDOR - Serious Staff Injuries | JS | MD | FYE = <40 | UHL | Red / ER if non compliance with cumulative target | 47 | 24 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 32 |
| 4 | S8a | Safety Thermometer % of harm free care (all) | JS | EM | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | Red if <92% ER = in mth <92% | 93.6% | 94.1% | 95.0% | 92.1% | 93.6% | 93.7% | 94.3% | 95.6% | 94.6% | 93.2% | 94.0% | 93.5% | 94.4% | 93.9% | 94.2% | 94.1% | 94.4% | 94.1% |
| Safe | S8b | Safety Thermometer % number of new harms | JS | EM | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | TBC | - | /TDA cator | 2.5% | 3.2% | 2.7% | 2.2% | 2.6% | 2.1% | 1.9% | 3.1% | 2.4% | 2.6% | 2.7% | 1.8% | 2.3% | 2.2% | 2.0% | 2.3% |
| | S9 | % of all adults who have had VTE risk assessment on adm to hosp | AF | SH | 95% or above | TDA | Red if <95% ER if in mth <95% | 95.3% | 95.8% | 96.3% | 96.2% | 95.6% | 96.0% | 96.0% | 96.5% | 96.2% | 96.5% | 96.1% | 95.7% | 96.0% | 96.1% | 95.5% | 95.4% | 95.1% | 95.9% |
| | S10 | All Medication errors causing serious harm | AF | CE | 0 | TDA | Red if >0 in mth ER if in mth >0 | | | | | | NEV | V TDA IN | DICATOR | R - DEFIN | IITION TO | BE CON | IFIRMED | | | | | | |
| | S11 | All falls reported per 1000 bed stays for patients >65years | JS | HL | <7.1 | QC | Red if >8.4 ER if 2 consecutive reds | 7.1 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 5.1 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 5.4 |
| | S12 | Avoidable Pressure Ulcers - Grade 4 | JS | мс | 0 | QS | Red / ER if Non compliance with monthly target | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| | S13 | Avoidable Pressure Ulcers - Grade 3 | JS | мс | <=6 a month | QS | Red / ER if Non compliance with monthly target | 71 | 69 | 5 | 9 | 6 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 33 |
| | S14 | Avoidable Pressure Ulcers - Grade 2 | JS | МС | <=8 a month | QS | Red / ER if Non compliance with monthly target | 120 | 91 | 7 | 5 | 9 | 10 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 11 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 7 | 89 |
| | S15 | Compliance with the SEPSIS6 Care Bundle | AF | JP | All 6 >75% by Q4 | QC | Red/ER if Non compliance with Quarterly target | 27.0% | <65% | | <75% | | | | | | | AUDIT | IN PRO | GESS | | | | | |
| | S16 | Maternal Deaths | AF | IS | 0 | UHL | Red or ER if >0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | S17 | Emergency C Sections (Coded as R18) | IS | ЕВ | Not within Highest Decile | TDA | Red / ER if Non compliance with monthly target | 16.1% | 16.5% | 17.7% | 15.5% | 15.8% | 15.3% | 18.8% | 15.8% | 15.8% | 15.2% | 16.5% | 20.9% | 19.7% | 20.9% | 17.0% | 16.6% | 17.3% | 17.5% |
| | S18 | Potential under reporting of patient safety indicators | JS | MD | Not within Highest Decile | TDA | Red / ER if Non compliance with monthly target | | | | | | NEV | V TDA IN | DICATOR | R - DEFIN | IITION TO | BE CON | IFIRMED | | | | | | |
| | S19 | Potential under reporting of patient safety indicators resulting in death or severe harm | JS | MD | Not within Highest Decile | TDA | Red / ER if Non compliance with monthly target | | | | | | NEV | V TDA IN | DICATOR | R - DEFIN | IITION TC | BE CON | IFIRMED | | | | | | |

| | KPI Ref | Indicators | Board Director | Lead Officer | 15/16 Target | Target Set by | Red RAG/ Exception Report Threshold (ER) | 13/14 Outturn | 14/15 Outturn | Jan-15 | Feb-15 | Mar-15 | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 | YTD |
|-----|---------|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------------|---|------------------|------------------|---------|---------|----------|--------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------|--------|---------|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | C1 | Inpatients (Including Daycases) Friends and Family Test - % positive | JS | HL | Q1 95% Q2/3 96% Q4 97% | QC | Red if <95% ER if 2 mths Red | New Indicator | 96% | 96% | 96% | 97% | 96% | 96% | 97% | 96% | 97% | 97% | 97% | 96% | 97% | 97% | 96% | 97% | 97%* |
| | C2 | A&E Friends and Family Test - % positive | JS | HL | Q1 95% Q2/3 96% Q4 97% | QC | Red if <94% ER if 2 mths Red | New Indicator | 96% | 96% | 96% | 97% | 96% | 96% | 96% | 96% | 97% | 95% | 95% | 97% | 95% | 97% | 97% | 95% | 96%* |
| | C3 | Outpatients Friends and Family Test - % positive | JS | HL | Q1 95% Q2/3 96% Q4 97% | QC | Red if <90% ER if 2 mths Red | NEW ME | THODOLO | OGV FOR | CALCIII | ATING % | 94% | 94% | 93% | 91% | 93% | 93% | 93% | 92% | 94% | 95% | 95% | 93% | 94%* |
| ng | C4 | Daycase Friends and Family Test - % positive | JS | HL | Q1 95% Q2/3 96% Q4 97% | QC | Red if <95% ER if 2 mths Red | INCVV IVIC | THODOLO | JOTTON | OALOUL | ATING // | 96% | 97% | 97% | 98% | 98% | 97% | 98% | 98% | 98% | 98% | 98% | 98% | 98%* |
| ari | C5 | Maternity Friends and Family Test - % positive | JS | HL | Q1 95% Q2/3 96% Q4 97% | QC | Red if <94% ER if 2 mths Red | | 96% | 97% | 96% | 96% | 95% | 96% | 95% | 95% | 96% | 95% | 95% | 95% | 94% | 95% | 95% | 95% | 95%* |
| Ö | C6 | Friends & Family staff survey: % of staff who would recommend the trust as place to receive treatment | LT | LT | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | TBC | New Indicator | 69.2% | | 71.4% | | | 68.7% | | | 71.9% | | | FFT not com al Survey ca | | | 69.4% | | 70.0% |
| | C7a | Complaints Rate per 1000 bed days | AF | MD | TBC | UHL | TBC | New Indicator | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| | C7b | Written Complaints Received Rate per 100 bed days | AF | MD | Not within Highest Decile | TDA | TBC | | | | | | NEV | V TDA IN | IDICATO | R - DEFIN | IITION TO | BE CON | IFIRMED | | | | | | |
| | C8 | Complaints Re-Opened Rate | AF | MD | <=12% | UHL | Red if >=15% ER if >=15% | New Indicator | 10% | 17% | 13% | 11% | 13% | 6% | 7% | 7% | 11% | 12% | 7% | 8% | 15% | 7% | 10% | 10% | 9% |
| | C9 | Single Sex Accommodation Breaches (patients affected) | JS | HL | 0 | TDA | Red / ER if >0 | 2 | 13 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |

* QTR 4 performance

| | KPI Ref | Indicators | Board Director | Lead Officer | 15/16 Target | Target Set by | Red RAG/ Exception Report Threshold (ER) | 13/14 Outturn | 14/15 Outturn | Jan-15 | Feb-15 | Mar-15 | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 | YTD |
|--------|---------|--|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|---|------------------|---------------------------------|---------|----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | W1 | Inpatients Friends and Family Test - Coverage (Adults and Children) | JS | HL | 30% | TDA | Red if <26% ER if 2mths Red | CO | METHODO VERAGE IN | NCLUDES | ADULTS A | AND | 29.2% | 30.5% | 29.0% | 27.7% | 28.9% | 28.9% | 37.4% | 38.2% | 23.2% | 29.3% | 37.2% | 36.1% | 31.0% |
| | W2 | Daycase Friends and Family Test - Coverage (Adults and Children) | JS | HL | 20% | TDA | Red if <8% ER if 2 mths Red | CO | METHODO VERAGE IN | NCLUDES | ADULTS A | AND | 12.5% | 12.1% | 15.5% | 20.5% | 23.8% | 24.1% | 27.2% | 27.7% | 18.7% | 30.1% | 26.2% | 29.2% | 22.5% |
| | W3 | A&E Friends and Family Test - Coverage | JS | HL | 20% | TDA | Red if <10% ER if 2 mths Red | CO | METHODO VERAGE IN METHODO | NCLUDES | ADULTS A | AND | 14.7% | 14.9% | 13.3% | 14.1% | 13.3% | 13.1% | 16.1% | 12.4% | 5.4% | 7.3% | 5.1% | 7.0% | 10.5% |
| | W4 | Outpatients Friends and Family Test - Coverage | JS | HL | Q1 3% Q2/3 4% Q4 5% | UHL | Red if <2.5% ER Qtrly | | VERAGE IN | | | | 1.3% | 1.6% | 1.2% | 1.2% | 1.4% | 1.4% | 1.5% | 1.5% | 1.4% | 1.5% | 1.6% | 1.6% | 1.4% |
| | W5 | Maternity Friends and Family Test - Coverage | JS | HL | 30% | UHL | Red if <26% ER if 2 mths Red | 25.2% | 28.0% | 25.8% | 46.5% | 40.2% | 32.3% | 35.8% | 32.6% | 25.6% | 30.5% | 27.9% | 27.2% | 38.8% | 30.0% | 33.3% | 34.3% | 31.7% | 31.6% |
| | W6 | Friends & Family staff survey: % of staff who would recommend the trust as place to work | LT | ВК | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | TBC | New Indicator | 54.2% | | 54.9% | | | 52.5% | | | 55.7% | | | FT not com I Survey car | | | 57.9% | | 55.4% |
| | W7a | Nursing Vacancies | JS | ММ | 5% by Mar 16 | UHL | Separate report submitted to QAC | | V UHL CATOR | 6.3% | 5.5% | 6.5% | 8.5% | 8.0% | 7.3% | 8.7% | 8.9% | 8.5% | 7.1% | 7.6% | 7.6% | 7.7% | 6.8% | 8.4% | 8.4% |
| -ed | W7b | Nursing Vacancies in ESM CMG | JS | ММ | 5% by Mar 16 | UHL | Separate report submitted to QAC | | V UHL CATOR | 12.8% | 11.4% | 14.0% | 19.3% | 13.0% | 14.4% | 13.3% | 13.5% | 13.5% | 12.9% | 14.6% | 14.9% | 16.4% | 17.2% | 18.5% | 17.2% |
| Well L | W8 | Turnover Rate | LT | LG | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | Red = 11% or above ER = Red for 3 Consecutive Mths | 10.0% | 11.5% | 10.1% | 10.1% | 11.5% | 10.4% | 10.5% | 10.5% | 10.6% | 10.4% | 10.4% | 10.2% | 9.9% | 10.0% | 10.1% | 10.0% | 9.9% | 9.9% |
| 3 | W9 | Sickness absence | LT | KK | 3% | UHL | Red if >4% ER if 3 consecutive mths >4.0% | 3.4% | 3.8% | 4.2% | 4.1% | 4.0% | 3.6% | 3.4% | 3.5% | 3.3% | 3.2% | 3.3% | 3.5% | 3.7% | 3.9% | 4.0% | 4.5% | | 3.6% |
| | W10 | Temporary costs and overtime as a % of total paybill | LT | LG | TBC | TDA | TBC | New Indicator | 9.4% | 10.5% | 9.8% | 11.5% | 10.7% | 10.2% | 11.0% | 10.8% | 11.1% | 9.9% | 10.5% | 10.5% | 10.1% | 11.0% | 9.7% | 13.9% | 10.7% |
| | W11 | % of Staff with Annual Appraisal | LT | ВК | 95% | UHL | Red if <90% ER if 3 consecutive mths <90% | 91.3% | 91.4% | 90.9% | 91.0% | 91.4% | 90.1% | 88.7% | 89.0% | 89.1% | 88.8% | 90.0% | 90.4% | 91.1% | 92.7% | 91.5% | 91.6% | 90.7% | 90.7% |
| | W12 | Statutory and Mandatory Training | LT | ВК | 95% | UHL | TBC | 76% | 95% | 89% | 90% | 95% | 93% | 92% | 92% | 91% | 91% | 91% | 92% | 92% | 93% | 93% | 92% | 93% | 93% |
| | W13 | % Corporate Induction attendance | LT | ВК | 95% | UHL | Red if <90% ER if 3 consecutive mths <90% | 94.5% | 100% | 99% | 100% | 97% | 97% | 97% | 98% | 100% | 97% | 98% | 98% | 97% | 92% | 96% | 98% | 98% | 97% |
| | W14a | DAY Safety staffing fill rate - Average fill rate - registered nurses/midwives (%) | S | ММ | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | TBC | | 91.2% | 94.3% | 91.8% | 91.0% | 93.6% | 90.3% | 91.2% | 90.3% | 90.2% | 90.5% | 91.4% | 87.2% | 91.0% | 90.5% | 89.5% | 90.2% | 90.5% |
| | W14b | DAY Safety staffing fill rate - Average fill rate - care staff (%) | JS | ММ | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | TBC | New | 94.0% | 95.4% | 92.8% | 92.5% | 94.2% | 91.2% | 93.5% | 91.3% | 92.4% | 93.1% | 94.2% | 93.2% | 93.9% | 92.1% | 86.0% | 88.7% | 92.0% |
| | W14c | NIGHT Safety staffing fill rate - Average fill rate - registered nurses/midwives (%) | JS | ММ | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | TBC | Indicator | 94.9% | 97.9% | 96.5% | 97.2% | 98.9% | 96.0% | 96.2% | 94.3% | 94.3% | 94.9% | 96.1% | 91.4% | 94.8% | 96.6% | 95.0% | 96.3% | 95.4% |
| | W14d | NIGHT Safety staffing fill rate - Average fill rate - care staff (%) | JS | ММ | Not within Lowest Decile | TDA | TBC | | 99.8% | 103.6% | 100.8% | 103.2% | 106.3% | 98.7% | 99.4% | 101.2% | 98.0% | 100.0% | 99.9% | 98.4% | 98.0% | 100.2% | 91.6% | 94.7% | 98.9% |

| | KPI Ref | Indicators | Board Director | Lead Officer | 15/16 Target | Target Set by | Red RAG/ Exception Report Threshold (ER) | 13/14 Outturn | 14/15 Outturn | Jan-15 | Feb-15 | Mar-15 | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 | YTD |
|-----------|---------|--|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|--------|-----------------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|-----------------|----------------|--------|---------|---------------|-------------------------|--------|
| | E1 | Mortality - Published SHMI | AF | PR | Within Expected | TDA | Higher than Expected | 105 | 103 | (J | 105 ul13-Jun | 14) | (0 | 103 ct13-Sep | 14) | (Ja | 99 n14-Dec | 14) | (A _l | 98 pr14-Mar | 15) | |)5 -Jun15) | 96 (Oct14- Sep15) | 96 |
| | E2 | Mortality - Rolling 12 mths SHMI (as reported in HED) Rebased | AF | PR | Within Expected | QC | Red if >expected ER if >Expected or 3 consecutive mths increasing SHMI >100 | 105 | 98 | 99 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 96 | 96 | 95 | 96 | 95 | 96 | 96 | 97 | Awaitin | g HED L | Ipdate | 97 |
| | E3 | Mortality HSMR (DFI Quarterly) | AF | PR | Within Expected | TDA | Red if >expected ER if >Expected or 3 consecutive increasing mths >100 | 88 | 94 | | 93 | | | 89 | | | 90 | | | 90 | | Awaitin | g DFI Up | odate | 90 |
| | E4 | Mortality - Rolling 12 mths HSMR (Rebased Monthly as reported in HED) | AF | PR | Within Expected | QC | Red if >expected ER if >Expected or 3 consecutive increasing mths >100 | 99 | 94 | 95 | 95 | 94 | 94 | 94 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 95 | 94 | | ng HED date | 94 |
| | E5 | Mortality - Monthly HSMR (Rebased Monthly as reported in HED) | AF | PR | Within Expected | QC | Red if >expected ER if >Expected or 3 consecutive increasing mths >100 | 91 | 94 | 99 | 98 | 86 | 82 | 95 | 99 | 83 | 93 | 101 | 106 | 96 | 96 | 97 | | ng HED date | 95 |
| | E6 | Mortality - HSMR ALL Weekend Admissions - (DFI Quarterly) | AF | PR | Within Expected | QC | Red if >expected ER if >Expected or 3 consecutive increasing mths >100 | 96 | 100 | | 106 | | | 98 | | | 87 | | | 95 | | Awaiti | ng DFI l | Jpdate | 93 |
| Ve | E7 | Crude Mortality Rate Emergency Spells | AF | PR | Within Upper Decile | TDA | TBC | 2.5% | 2.4% | 3.1% | 2.7% | 2.4% | 2.1% | 2.0% | 2.3% | 1.8% | 2.0% | 2.2% | 2.4% | 2.1% | 2.5% | 2.4% | 2.4% | 2.8% | 2.3% |
| Effective | E8 | Deaths in low risk conditions (Risk Score) | AF | PR | Within Expected | TDA | Red if >expected ER if >Expected or 3 consecutive increasing mths >100 | 94 | 80 | 100 | 86 | 74 | 121 | 20 | 38 | 38 | 102 | 95 | 95 | 148 | 40 | Awaiti | ng DFI l | Jpdate | 78 |
| Ш | E9 | Emergency readmissions within 30 days following an elective or emergency spell | AF | IJ | Within Expected | UHL | Red if >7% ER if 3 consecutive mths >7% | 7.9% | 8.5% | 8.2% | 8.5% | 8.5% | 9.1% | 9.1% | 9.0% | 8.8% | 8.9% | 8.7% | 9.0% | 8.3% | 9.2% | 8.8% | 8.7% | | 8.9% |
| | E10 | No. of # Neck of femurs operated on 0-35 hrs - Based on Admissions | AF | RP | 72% or above | QS | Red if <72% ER if 2 consecutive mths <72% | 65.2% | 61.4% | 57.9% | 67.2% | 61.5% | 55.7% | 42.6% | 70.1% | 60.3% | 78.1% | 72.0% | 60.0% | 70.9% | 59.7% | 66.7% | 65.2% | 65.1% | 63.8% |
| | E11 | Stroke - 90% of Stay on a Stroke Unit | RM | IL | 80% or above | QS | Red if <80% ER if 2 consecutive mths <80% | 83.2% | 81.3% | 82.5% | 87.6% | 81.5% | 83.7% | 84.5% | 84.5% | 85.7% | 90.9% | 86.9% | 81.1% | 83.5% | 86.0% | 92.0% | 83.7%* | | 85.9%* |
| | E12 | Stroke - TIA Clinic within 24 Hours (Suspected High Risk TIA) | RM | IL | 60% or above | QS | Red if <60% ER if 2 consecutive mths <60% | 64.2% | 71.2% | 80.6% | 64.0% | 77.3% | 86.3% | 79.6% | 72.0% | 78.9% | 80.2% | 88.1% | 73.3% | 67.1% | 68.4% | 71.3% | 80.0% | 67.3% | 75.6% |
| | E13 | Published Consultant Level Outcomes | AF | SH | >0 outside expected | QC | Red if >0 Quarterly ER if >0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | E14 | Non compliance with 14/15 published NICE guidance | AF | SH | 0 | QC | Red if in mth >0 ER if 2 consecutive mths Red | New Indicator for 14/15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | E15 | ROSC in Utstein Group | AF | PR | TBC | TDA | TBC | | | | | | NE | EW TDA I | NDICATO | R - DEF | INITION T | O BE CC | NFIRME | D | | | | | |
| | E16 | STEMI 150minutes | AF | PR | TBC | TDA | TBC | | | | | | NE | W TDA I | NDICATO | R - DEF | INITION T | O BE CO | NFIRME | D | | | | | |

| | KPI Ref | Indicators | Board Director | Lead Officer | 15/16 Target | Target Set by | Red RAG/ Exception Report Threshold (ER) | 13/14 Outturn | 14/15 Outturn | Jan-15 | Feb-15 | Mar-15 | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 | YTD |
|----------|---------|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|----------|------------|----------|---------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | R1 | ED 4 Hour Waits UHL + UCC (Calendar Month) | RM | IL | 95% or above | TDA | Red if <92% ER via ED TB report | 88.4% | 89.1% | 90.7% | 89.6% | 91.1% | 92.0% | 92.2% | 92.6% | 92.2% | 90.6% | 90.3% | 88.9% | 81.7% | 85.1% | 81.2% | 80.2% | 77.5% | 86.9% |
| | R2 | 12 hour trolley waits in A&E | RM | IL | 0 | TDA | Red if >0 ER via ED TB report | 5 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| | R3 | RTT - Incomplete 92% in 18 Weeks | RM | WM | 92% or above | TDA | Red /ER if <92% | 92.1% | 96.7% | 95.2% | 96.2% | 96.7% | 96.6% | 96.5% | 96.2% | 95.2% | 94.3% | 94.8% | 93.6% | 93.8% | 93.0% | 92.9% | 93.2% | 92.6% | 92.6% |
| | R4 | RTT 52 Weeks+ Wait (Incompletes) | RM | WM | 0 | TDA | Red /ER if >0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 242 | 256 | 258 | 260 | 265 | 263 | 267 | 269 | 261 | 232 | 232 |
| | R5 | 6 Week - Diagnostic Test Waiting Times | RM | SK | 1% or below | TDA | Red /ER if >1% | 1.9% | 0.9% | 5.0% | 0.8% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.6% | 6.1% | 10.9% | 13.4% | 9.6% | 7.7% | 6.5% | 7.0% | 4.1% | 1.8% | 1.1% | 1.1% |
| | R6 | Urgent Operations Cancelled Twice | RM | PW | 0 | TDA | Red if >0 ER if >0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | R7 | Cancelled patients not offered a date within 28 days of the cancellations UHL | RM | PW | 0 | TDA | Red if >2 ER if >0 | 85 | 33 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 9 | 14 | 48 |
| nsiv | R8 | Cancelled patients not offered a date within 28 days of the cancellations ALLIANCE | RM | PW | 0 | TDA | Red if >2 ER if >0 | New Indicator for 14/15 | 11 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| sponsive | R9 | % Operations cancelled for non-clinical reasons on or after the day of admission UHL | RM | PW | 0.8% or below | Contract | Red if >0.9% ER if >0.8% | 1.6% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.7% | 1.0% | 0.7% | 0.5% | 0.9% | 1.3% | 0.7% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 1.3% | 1.1% | 1.3% | 1.2% | 1.5% | 1.0% |
| Re | R10 | % Operations cancelled for non-clinical reasons on or after the day of admission ALLIANCE | RM | PW | 0.8% or below | Contract | Red if >0.9% ER if >0.8% | 1.6% | 0.9% | 1.4% | 0.0% | 0.4% | 1.2% | 1.2% | 1.0% | 0.8% | 0.0% | 1.0% | 1.1% | 0.0% | 1.1% | 2.2% | 0.2% | 1.0% | 0.9% |
| | R11 | % Operations cancelled for non-clinical reasons on or after the day of admission UHL + ALLIANCE | RM | PW | 0.8% or below | Contract | Red if >0.9% ER if >0.8% | New Indicator for 14/15 | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.7% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 0.6% | 0.9% | 1.3% | 0.7% | 0.9% | 0.8% | 1.2% | 1.1% | 1.4% | 1.1% | 1.4% | 1.0% |
| | R12 | No of Operations cancelled for non-clinical reasons on or after the day of admission UHL + ALLIANCE | RM | PW | N/A | UHL | TBC | 1739 | 1071 | 85 | 64 | 98 | 79 | 56 | 97 | 138 | 67 | 104 | 91 | 131 | 115 | 146 | 119 | 156 | 1299 |
| | R13 | Outpatient Hospital Cancellation Rates | RM | PW | Within Upper Decile | UHL | TBC | | | | | | | NEW TD | A INDICAT | OR - DEF | INITION TO | D BE CON | IFIRMED | • | | | | | |
| | R14 | Delayed transfers of care | RM | PW | 3.5% or below | TDA | Red if >3.5% ER if Red for 3 consecutive mths | 4.1% | 3.9% | 3.2% | 2.9% | 1.8% | 1.9% | 1.0% | 1.0% | 0.9% | 1.2% | 1.3% | 1.1% | 1.5% | 1.6% | 1.8% | 1.8% | 2.0% | 1.4% |
| | R15 | NHS e-Referral (formally Choose and Book Slot Unavailability) | RM | WM | 4% or below | Contract | Red if >4% ER if Red for 3 consecutive mths | 13% | 21% | 13% | 19% | 26% | 34% | 31% | | | | | Data | Not Ava | ilable | | | | |
| | R16 | Ambulance Handover >60 Mins (CAD+ from June 15) | RM | SL | 0 | Contract | Red if >0 ER if Red for 3 consecutive mths | New Indicator for 14/15 | 5% | 6% | 11% | 9% | 6% | 7% | 7% | 8% | 9% | 18% | 22% | 27% | 16% | 12% | 10% | 11% | 13% |
| | R17 | Ambulance Handover >30 Mins and <60 mins (CAD+ from June 15) | RM | SL | 0 | Contract | Red if >0 ER if Red for 3 consecutive mths | New Indicator for 14/15 | 19% | 21% | 21% | 22% | 22% | 21% | 17% | 17% | 17% | 25% | 26% | 26% | 23% | 13% | 13% | 13% | 19% |

| | | | Board | Lead | | Target Set | Red RAG/ Exception Report | 13/14 | 14/15 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| | KPI Ref | Indicators | Director | Officer | 15/16 Target | by | Threshold (ER) | Outturn | Outturn | Jan-15 | Feb-15 | Mar-15 | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 | YTD |
| | ** Cance | er statistics are reported a month in arrears. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | RC1 | Two week wait for an urgent GP referral for suspected cancer to date first seen for all suspected cancers | RM | мм | 93% or above | TDA | Red if <93% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | 94.8% | 92.2% | 92.2% | 93.5% | 91.5% | 91.2% | 87.9% | 91.1% | 87.4% | 86.8% | 87.7% | 89.9% | 92.4% | 93.0% | 91.4% | 93.9% | ** | 90.2% |
| | RC2 | Two Week Wait for Symptomatic Breast Patients (Cancer Not initially Suspected) | RM | мм | 93% or above | TDA | Red if <93% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | 94.0% | 94.1% | 92.5% | 91.5% | 96.0% | 99.0% | 98.8% | 87.2% | 93.3% | 98.7% | 94.5% | 94.6% | 89.4% | 93.5% | 96.2% | 99.3% | ** | 95.0% |
| | RC3 | 31-Day (Diagnosis To Treatment) Wait For First Treatment: All Cancers | RM | ММ | 96% or above | TDA | Red if <96% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | 98.1% | 94.6% | 91.7% | 95.0% | 97.0% | 93.9% | 97.9% | 93.7% | 97.2% | 96.5% | 94.7% | 95.2% | 95.6% | 94.3% | 91.5% | 92.4% | ** | 94.9% |
| | RC4 | 31-Day Wait For Second Or Subsequent Treatment: Anti Cancer Drug Treatments | RM | мм | 98% or above | TDA | Red if <98% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | 100.0% | 99.4% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 97.7% | 100.0% | 98.3% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | ** | 99.6% |
| | RC5 | 31-Day Wait For Second Or Subsequent Treatment: Surgery | RM | мм | 94% or above | TDA | Red if <94% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | 96.0% | 89.0% | 89.2% | 94.4% | 87.5% | 86.3% | 92.2% | 89.6% | 92.2% | 81.1% | 89.7% | 90.7% | 76.8% | 91.4% | 77.5% | 77.9% | ** | 85.7% |
| | RC6 | 31-Day Wait For Second Or Subsequent Treatment: Radiotherapy Treatments | RM | мм | 94% or above | TDA | Red if <94% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | 98.2% | 96.1% | 87.6% | 99.0% | 100.0% | 86.3% | 98.1% | 96.5% | 95.9% | 99.0% | 92.2% | 94.1% | 95.1% | 94.3% | 96.4% | 92.9% | ** | 94.7% |
| | RC7 | 62-Day (Urgent GP Referral To Treatment) Wait For First Treatment: All Cancers | RM | мм | 85% or above | TDA | Red if <85% ER if Red in mth or YTD | 86.7% | 81.4% | 79.3% | 78.9% | 83.8% | 75.7% | 70.1% | 84.2% | 73.7% | 81.7% | 77.2% | 77.0% | 82.5% | 80.9% | 75.3% | 72.8% | ** | 77.4% |
| J. | RC8 | 62-Day Wait For First Treatment From Consultant Screening Service Referral: All Cancers | RM | мм | 90% or above | TDA | Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | 95.6% | 84.5% | 88.9% | 79.4% | 89.3% | 91.7% | 82.4% | 93.3% | 95.2% | 97.1% | 81.4% | 96.0% | 96.2% | 95.3% | 77.3% | 72.5% | ** | 89.8% |
| Cancer | RC9 | Cancer waiting 104 days | RM | мм | 0 | TDA | TBC | | NEW 1 | DA INDICA | TOR | | 12 | 10 | 12 | 20 | 12 | 12 | 17 | 13 | 23 | 23 | 17 | 21 | 21 |
| Ö | | | | | <u>'</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ive | C2 Day | (Urgent GP Referral To Treatment) Wait For Fire | -4 T4 | All C | `anaara lua Bar | . Comeans | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ons | | (Orgent GP Referral to Treatment) Walt For Firs | st rreatm | ient: Ali C | ancers inc Kar | e Cancers | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Q | | Indicators | Board | Lead | AFMC Towns | Target Set | Red RAG/ Exception Report | 13/14 | 14/15 | Jan. 45 | F=1: 45 | W 45 | A 45 | M 45 | l 45 | 1 45 | A 45 | 0 45 | 0-445 | No. 45 | D 45 | Jan. 40 | F-1-40 | M 40 | VTD |
| S | - | Indicators Brain/Central Nervous System | Board Director | Lead Officer MM | 15/16 Target 85% or above | Target Set by | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% | 13/14 Outturn 100.0% | 14/15 Outturn | Jan-15 | Feb-15 | Mar-15 | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 | YTD 100.0% |
| Res | RC10 | | Director | Officer | - | by | Threshold (ER) | Outturn | Outturn | | | | | | | | Aug-15 96.3% | Sep-15 97.5% | | Nov-15 100.0% | | | 100.0% | | |
| Res | RC10 | Brain/Central Nervous System | Director | Officer MM | 85% or above | TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% | Outturn 100.0% | Outturn | 93.3% | | | | 100.0% | | | | | | | | | 100.0% | ** | 100.0% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast | RM RM | MM MM | 85% or above | TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% | Outturn 100.0% 96.1% | Outturn 92.6% | 93.3% | 97.4% | 98.1% | 92.3% | 100.0% 96.8% | 97.8% | 91.4% | 96.3% | 97.5% | 92.0% | 100.0% | 93.1% 85.7% | 94.6% | 100.0% 100.0% | ** | 100.0% 95.8% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological | RM RM | Officer MM MM | 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above | TDA TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% Red if <90% Red if <90% Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% | Outturn 100.0% 96.1% 88.2% | 92.6% 77.5% | 93.3% 54.5% | 97.4% 91.7% | 98.1% 75.0% | 92.3% 64.3% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% | 97.8% 66.7% | 91.4% 100.0% | 96.3% 72.2% | 97.5% 80.0% | 92.0% 84.6% | 100.0% 80.0% | 93.1% 85.7% | 94.6% 50.0% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% | ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 RC14 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological Haematological | RM RM RM | MM MM MM | 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above | TDA TDA TDA TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% | Outturn 100.0% 96.1% 88.2% 65.9% | 92.6% 77.5% 66.5% | 93.3% 54.5% 66.7% | 97.4% 91.7% 50.0% 87.5% | 98.1% 75.0% 80.0% | 92.3% 64.3% 50.0% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% 55.0% | 97.8% 66.7% 83.3% | 91.4% 100.0% 37.5% | 96.3% 72.2% 82.6% | 97.5% 80.0% 66.7% | 92.0% 84.6% 70.0% | 100.0% 80.0% 50.0% | 93.1% 85.7% 58.3% | 94.6% 50.0% 100.0% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% 60.0% | ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% 63.3% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 RC14 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological Haematological Head and Neck Lower Gastrointestinal Cancer | RM RM RM RM | Officer MM MM MM MM MM | 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above | TDA TDA TDA TDA TDA TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | Outturn 100.0% 96.1% 88.2% 65.9% 65.4% | 92.6% 77.5% 66.5% 69.9% | 93.3% 54.5% 66.7% 70.0% | 97.4% 91.7% 50.0% 87.5% 46.7% | 98.1% 75.0% 80.0% 62.5% | 92.3% 64.3% 50.0% 75.0% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% 55.0% 54.5% | 97.8% 66.7% 83.3% 66.7% | 91.4% 100.0% 37.5% 36.4% | 96.3% 72.2% 82.6% 60.9% | 97.5% 80.0% 66.7% 50.0% | 92.0% 84.6% 70.0% 75.0% | 100.0% 80.0% 50.0% 42.9% | 93.1% 85.7% 58.3% 37.5% | 94.6% 50.0% 100.0% 62.5% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% 60.0% 37.5% | ** ** ** ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% 63.3% 52.9% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 RC14 RC15 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological Haematological Head and Neck Lower Gastrointestinal Cancer | RM RM RM RM RM | MM MM MM MM | 85% or above | TDA TDA TDA TDA TDA TDA TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths | Outturn 100.0% 96.1% 88.2% 65.9% 65.4% 71.3% | 92.6% 77.5% 66.5% 69.9% | 93.3% 54.5% 66.7% 70.0% 65.0% 67.7% | 97.4% 91.7% 50.0% 87.5% 46.7% | 98.1% 75.0% 80.0% 62.5% 63.2% 88.6% | 92.3% 64.3% 50.0% 75.0% 63.6% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% 55.0% 54.5% 55.6% | 97.8% 66.7% 83.3% 66.7% 93.3% | 91.4% 100.0% 37.5% 36.4% 63.6% | 96.3% 72.2% 82.6% 60.9% 60.0% | 97.5% 80.0% 66.7% 50.0% 38.9% | 92.0% 84.6% 70.0% 75.0% 70.6% | 100.0% 80.0% 50.0% 42.9% 68.2% | 93.1% 85.7% 58.3% 37.5% 77.8% | 94.6% 50.0% 100.0% 62.5% 52.4% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% 60.0% 37.5% 31.3% | ** ** ** ** ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% 63.3% 52.9% 60.1% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 RC14 RC15 RC16 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological Haematological Head and Neck Lower Gastrointestinal Cancer Lung | RM RM RM RM RM | MM MM MM MM MM | 85% or above | TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mits Red if <90% | 0utturn 100.0% 96.1% 88.2% 65.9% 65.4% 71.3% 89.7% | 92.6% 77.5% 66.5% 69.9% 69.9% | 93.3% 54.5% 66.7% 70.0% 65.0% 67.7% | 97.4% 91.7% 50.0% 87.5% 46.7% 74.2% | 98.1% 75.0% 80.0% 62.5% 63.2% 88.6% | 92.3% 64.3% 50.0% 75.0% 63.6% 84.6% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% 55.0% 54.5% 55.6% | 97.8% 66.7% 83.3% 66.7% 93.3% 74.6% | 91.4% 100.0% 37.5% 36.4% 63.6% 81.8% | 96.3% 72.2% 82.6% 60.9% 60.0% 70.4% | 97.5% 80.0% 66.7% 50.0% 38.9% 73.5% | 92.0% 84.6% 70.0% 75.0% 70.6% | 100.0% 80.0% 50.0% 42.9% 68.2% 88.6% | 93.1% 85.7% 58.3% 37.5% 77.8% | 94.6% 50.0% 100.0% 62.5% 52.4% 73.7% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% 60.0% 37.5% 31.3% 53.8% | ** ** ** ** ** ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% 63.3% 52.9% 60.1% 71.0% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 RC14 RC15 RC16 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological Haematological Head and Neck Lower Gastrointestinal Cancer Lung Other Sarcoma | RM RM RM RM RM RM RM | MM MM MM MM MM | 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above 85% or above | TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mths | 00.00% 96.1% 88.2% 65.9% 65.4% 71.3% 89.7% 78.7% | 92.6% 77.5% 66.5% 69.9% 63.7% 69.9% 95.0% | 93.3% 54.5% 66.7% 70.0% 65.0% 67.7% 100.0% | 97.4% 91.7% 50.0% 87.5% 46.7% 74.2% | 98.1% 75.0% 80.0% 62.5% 63.2% 88.6% 100.0% | 92.3% 64.3% 50.0% 75.0% 63.6% 84.6% 50.0% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% 55.0% 54.5% 55.6% | 97.8% 66.7% 83.3% 66.7% 93.3% 74.6% 100% | 91.4% 100.0% 37.5% 36.4% 63.6% 81.8% | 96.3% 72.2% 82.6% 60.9% 60.0% 70.4% | 97.5% 80.0% 66.7% 50.0% 38.9% 73.5% 50.0% | 92.0% 84.6% 70.0% 75.0% 70.6% 65.2% 60.0% | 100.0% 80.0% 50.0% 42.9% 68.2% 88.6% 80.0% | 93.1% 85.7% 58.3% 37.5% 77.8% 81.6% | 94.6% 50.0% 100.0% 62.5% 52.4% 73.7% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% 60.0% 37.5% 31.3% 53.8% | ** ** ** ** ** ** ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% 63.3% 52.9% 60.1% 71.0% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 RC14 RC15 RC16 RC17 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological Haematological Head and Neck Lower Gastrointestinal Cancer Lung Other Sarcoma | RM R | MM MM MM MM MM MM MM | 85% or above | TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive mihs | 00.00% 96.1% 88.2% 65.9% 65.4% 71.3% 89.7% 78.7% | 92.6% 77.5% 66.5% 69.9% 63.7% 69.9% 95.0% | 93.3% 54.5% 66.7% 70.0% 65.0% 67.7% 100.0% | 97.4% 91.7% 50.0% 87.5% 46.7% 74.2% 100.0% | 98.1% 75.0% 80.0% 62.5% 63.2% 88.6% 100.0% | 92.3% 64.3% 50.0% 75.0% 63.6% 84.6% 50.0% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% 55.0% 54.5% 50.9% 100% | 97.8% 66.7% 83.3% 66.7% 93.3% 74.6% 100% | 91.4% 100.0% 37.5% 36.4% 63.6% 81.8% 100% | 96.3% 72.2% 82.6% 60.9% 60.0% 70.4% 100% | 97.5% 80.0% 66.7% 50.0% 38.9% 73.5% 50.0% | 92.0% 84.6% 70.0% 75.0% 65.2% 60.0% | 100.0% 80.0% 50.0% 42.9% 68.2% 88.6% 80.0% | 93.1% 85.7% 58.3% 37.5% 77.8% 81.6% | 94.6% 50.0% 100.0% 62.5% 52.4% 73.7% 66.7% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% 60.0% 37.5% 31.3% 53.8% | ** ** ** ** ** ** ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% 63.3% 52.9% 60.1% 71.0% 71.4% 76.9% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 RC14 RC15 RC16 RC17 RC18 RC19 RC20 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological Haematological Head and Neck Lower Gastrointestinal Cancer Lung Other Sarcoma Skin | RM R | MM | 85% or above | TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths | 0utturn 100.0% 96.1% 88.2% 65.9% 65.4% 71.3% 89.7% 78.7% 82.9% 96.8% | 92.6% 77.5% 66.5% 69.9% 63.7% 69.9% 95.0% 46.2% 96.7% | 93.3% 54.5% 66.7% 70.0% 65.0% 67.7% 100.0% 100.0% 85.7% | 97.4% 91.7% 50.0% 87.5% 46.7% 74.2% 100.0% 94.3% | 98.1% 75.0% 80.0% 62.5% 63.2% 88.6% 100.0% 95.6% | 92.3% 64.3% 50.0% 75.0% 63.6% 84.6% 50.0% 66.7% 91.7% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% 55.0% 54.5% 50.9% 100% 94.0% | 97.8% 66.7% 83.3% 66.7% 93.3% 74.6% 100% 100% 91.3% | 91.4% 100.0% 37.5% 36.4% 63.6% 81.8% 100% 93.8% | 96.3% 72.2% 82.6% 60.9% 60.0% 70.4% 100% 94.1% | 97.5% 80.0% 66.7% 50.0% 38.9% 73.5% 50.0% 80.0% | 92.0% 84.6% 70.0% 75.0% 65.2% 60.0% 50.0% | 100.0% 80.0% 50.0% 42.9% 68.2% 88.6% 80.0% 95.6% | 93.1% 85.7% 58.3% 37.5% 77.8% 81.6% 94.9% | 94.6% 50.0% 100.0% 62.5% 52.4% 73.7% 66.7% 100.0% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% 60.0% 37.5% 31.3% 53.8% 100.0% 92.1% | ** ** ** ** ** ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% 63.3% 52.9% 60.1% 71.0% 71.4% 76.9% |
| Res | RC10 RC11 RC12 RC13 RC14 RC15 RC16 RC17 RC18 RC19 RC20 RC21 | Brain/Central Nervous System Breast Gynaecological Haematological Head and Neck Lower Gastrointestinal Cancer Lung Other Sarcoma Skin Upper Gastrointestinal Cancer | RM R | MM | 85% or above | TDA | Threshold (ER) Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% ER if Red for 2 consecutive miths Red if <90% | 00.00% 96.1% 88.2% 65.9% 65.4% 71.3% 89.7% 78.7% 82.9% 96.8% | 0utturn 92.6% 77.5% 66.5% 69.9% 63.7% 69.9% 95.0% 46.2% 96.7% 73.9% | 93.3% 54.5% 66.7% 70.0% 65.0% 67.7% 100.0% 100.0% 85.7% | 97.4% 91.7% 50.0% 87.5% 46.7% 74.2% 100.0% 94.3% 77.8% 66.7% | 98.1% 75.0% 80.0% 62.5% 63.2% 88.6% 100.0% 95.6% 81.8% | 92.3% 64.3% 50.0% 75.0% 63.6% 84.6% 50.0% 66.7% 91.7% | 100.0% 96.8% 55.6% 55.0% 54.5% 50.9% 100% 94.0% 55.0% | 97.8% 66.7% 83.3% 66.7% 93.3% 74.6% 100% 91.3% 84.6% | 91.4% 100.0% 37.5% 36.4% 63.6% 81.8% 100% 93.8% 51.4% | 96.3% 72.2% 82.6% 60.9% 60.0% 70.4% 100% 94.1% 81.8% | 97.5% 80.0% 66.7% 50.0% 38.9% 73.5% 50.0% 80.0% 45.7% 80.4% | 92.0% 84.6% 70.0% 75.0% 65.2% 60.0% 91.1% 48.6% | 100.0% 80.0% 50.0% 42.9% 68.2% 88.6% 80.0% 95.6% 84.6% 76.7% | 93.1% 85.7% 58.3% 37.5% 77.8% 81.6% 94.9% 90.0% 75.0% | 94.6% 50.0% 100.0% 62.5% 52.4% 73.7% 66.7% 100.0% 42.9% 68.1% | 100.0% 100.0% 70.0% 60.0% 37.5% 31.3% 53.8% 100.0% 92.1% 58.6% 78.7% | ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** | 100.0% 95.8% 72.9% 63.3% 52.9% 60.1% 71.0% 76.9% 94.0% 63.4% |

Compliance Forecast for Key Responsive Indicators

| Standard | March Actual/Predicted | April predicted | Month by which to be compliant | RAG rating of required month delivery | Commentary |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Emergency Care | | | 1 | | |
| 4+ hr Wait (95%) - Calendar month | 77.5% | | | | YTD 15/16 - 86.9% |
| Ambulance Handover (CAD+) | | | | | |
| % Ambulance Handover >60 Mins (CAD+) | 11% | | Not Confirmed | | CAD+ performance from EMAS monthly report. |
| % Ambulance Handover >30 Mins and <60 mins (CAD+) | 13% | | Not Confirmed | | CAD i performance from Ewas monthly report. |
| RTT (inc Alliance) | | | | | |
| Incomplete (92%) | 92.6% | 91.0% | Jul-16 | | |
| Diagnostic (predicted) | | | | | |
| DM01 - diagnostics 6+ week waits (<1%) | 1.1% | <1% | Apr-16 | | |
| # Neck of femurs | | | | | |
| % operated on within 36hrs - admissions (72%) | 65% | 65% | | | Missing target due to high number of medically unfit patients. |
| Cancelled Ops (inc Alliance) | | | • | | |
| Cancelled Ops (0.8%) | 1.4% | 1.3% | May-16 | | Target missed due to emergency pressures. |
| Not Rebooked within 28 days (0 patients) | 14 | 12 | Jun-16 | | Target missed due to emergency pressures. To be validated. |
| Cancer (predicted) | | | | | |
| Two Week Wait (93%) | 93% | 90% | May-16 | | |
| 31 Day First Treatment (96%) | 92% | 89% | Jun-16 | | |
| 31 Day Subsequent Surgery Treatment (94%) | 82% | 89% | Jun-16 | | |
| 62 Days (85%) | 78% | 70% | Sep-16 | | Backlog 62. |
| Cancer waiting 104 days (0 patients) | 21 | 16 | | | |

Safe Caring Well Led Effective Responsive Research

| | KPI Ref | Indicators | Board Director | Lead Officer | 14/15 Target | Target Set by | Red RAG/ Exception Report Threshold (ER) | Jul-14 | Aug-14 | Sep-14 | Oct-14 | Nov-14 | Dec-14 | Jan-15 | Feb-15 | Mar-15 | YTD | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 |
|------|---------|--|-------------------|-----------------|--|------------------|---|--------|--------------------|--------|--------|---------------------|--------|---------|--------|------------------|-------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------------------|--------|--------|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | RU1 | Median Days from submission to Trust approval (Portfolio) | AF | NB | TBC | TBC | TBC | | 2.0 | | | 3.0 | | | 3.0 | | 2.8 | | 2.0 | | | 1.0 | | | 2.0 | | | | |
| UHL | | Median Days from submission to Trust approval (Non Portfolio) | AF | NB | TBC | TBC | TBC | | 3.5 | | | 2.0 | | | 1.0 | | 2.1 | | 4.0 | | | 1.0 | | | 1.0 | | | | |
| arch | RU3 | Recruitment to Portfolio Studies | AF | NB | Aspirational target=10920/year (910/month) | TBC | TBC | 1075 | 1235 | 900 | 1039 | 1048 | 604 | 1030 | 1043 | 1298 | 12564 | 1062 | 848 | 1163 | 1019 | 858 | 1019 | 1516 | 1875 | 815 | 926 | 983 | |
| Rese | | % Adjusted Trials Meeting 70 day Benchmark (data sunbmitted for the previous 12 month period) | AF | NB | TBC | TBC | TBC | (Oc | t13-Sep 70.5% | , | (No | v13-De | , | | ٠. | I-Mar15) 6% | | (Jul1 | 4-Jun15) | 76% | (O | ct14-Se 92% | p15) | (Jar | 15 - Dec 94% | :15) | | | |
| | | Rank No. Trials Submitted for 70 day Benchmark (data submitted for the previous 12 month period) | AF | NB | TBC | TBC | TBC | , | t13-Sep ank 18/ | , | , | ov13-De Rank 18/ | , | (Apr14- | , | /198 | Rank | ١, | ul14-Jun ink 108/2 | , | , | ct14-Se ank 13/ | | , | n15 - Dec ank 61/2 | | | | |
| | RU6 | %Closed Commercial Trials Meeting Recruitment Target (data submitted for the previous 12 month period) | AF | NB | TBC | TBC | TBC | (Oc | t13-Sep 52% | 14) | (No | v13-De 48% | c14) | | ٠. | I-Mar15) 3.6% | | (Ju | ıl14-Jun´ 15.3% | 15) | (O | ct14-Se 46.8% | | (Jar | 15 - Dec 43.4% | : 15) | | | |

MRSA - Unavoidable

Outpatients Friends and Family Test - Coverage

| What is causing underperformance? | What actions have been taken to improve performance? | Targ (mthly of ye | / end | | | month mance | YT | D perfo | rmance /16 | | perfori next i | recast mance eportin | for |
|--|---|---------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------|------------------------|------------------|------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------|----------------------------|--------|
| The Friends and Family Test submission level in Outpatients for | Feedback is collected via electronic touch screen devices, | 5% | , D | | 1.6 | 6% | | 1.4% | % | | | 5% | |
| quarter four is 1.6% which is an improvement on the submission level in quarter three. | QR scanning and the Trust web site. The methods used allow for real time feedback, allowing the | Perform | nance | by Mon | th fo | <u>r 2015-16</u> | | | | | | | |
| Staff understanding of the | staff to see the results immediately. | | | | Apr-1 | 5 May-15 Jun-15 | Jul-15 Aug-1 | 5 Sep-15 O | ct-15 Nov-15 I | Dec-15 Ja | an-16 Feb- | 16 Mar-16 | YTD |
| importance of gaining and responding to patient feedback | The minimal level of coverage | Outpatients F Coverage | riends and l | Family Test - | 1.3% | 4 1.6% 1.2% | 1.2% 1.4% | 6 1.4% 1 | .5% 1.5% | 1.4% 1 | .5% 1.69 | % 1.6% | 1.4% |
| continues to be a possible cause for the underperformance in these areas. | required has been highlighted to the Clinical Management Group Senior Management Teams and support has been offered. | 2.5% | | 0 | utpa | tients Frier | nds and I | amily Te | est - Cove | erage | | | |
| | There are plans to commence SMS texting | 2.0% | | 1.6% | | | | 1 5% | 1.5% | | 1.5% | 1.6% | 1.6% |
| | linked to the appointment reminder system already in | 1.5% | 1.3% | | 1.2% | 1.2% | 4% 1.4% | 1.3% | 1.5% | 1.4% | 1.5% | | • |
| | place, as another mechanism for patients to give their feedback. | 1.0% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0.5% | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 0.00/ | | | — | Outpatien | ts Friend | s and Fa | mily Tes | t - Co | verage | | |
| | | 0.0% | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 Sep-15 | 0ct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 |
| | | Expecte | | | et | Quarter 0 | One 2016 | 6-17 | | | | | |
| | | Revised standar | ď | | | Quarter C | | | | | | | |
| | | Lead Di Officer | rector | / Lead | | Julie Smi Heather I | • | | ant Chief | f Nurs | se | | |

Emergency Readmissions within 30 days

| What is causing underperformance? | What actions have been taken to improve performance? | Target | February performance | YTD perform | | Forecast pont | | |
|--|--|---|--|---|---------|----------------|-----------|---------------|
| UHL's readmission rate has been increasing | A 3 month pilot using the PARR 30 Readmissions Risk Tool to guide specific interventions for patients with a readmission | 8.5% | 8.7% | 8.9% | % | | 8.9% | |
| during 2015/16. When compared with other trusts using the | completed. Despite gaps in the provision of these interventions the early pilot results are encouraging. | | n of LIHL'S READMISSION RATE FOR 15/16 (Apr-Dec) COMPARED W | | | | | |
| Dr Foster tool, UHL's | Specifically; | Peers (Acute) | | | Spells | Readmissions | Rate (%) | Relative Risk |
| 'readmissions within 28 | 1. PARR 30 identifies patients with a high | University College Lo | ndon Hospitals NHS Foundati | on Trust | 79972 | 4323 | 5.42 | 84.28 |
| days' rate has also | risk of readmission (115 readmissions | | re Hospitals NHS Trust | | 74413 | 5211 | 7.02 | 92.36 |
| been higher compared | from 171 patients identified by the tool). | Central Manchester I | Jniversity Hospitals NHS Four | dation Trust | 89528 | 6008 | 6.75 | 93.45 |
| with other trusts and | 2. A combination of UHL and variable | King's College Hospit | al NHS Foundation Trust | | 102805 | 6953 | 6.78 | 93.81 |
| has been 'higher than expected' for the past 2 | community interventions (between | Leeds Teaching Hosp | itals NHS Trust | | 96359 | 7549 | 7.85 | 95.54 |
| years. | readmissions in this cohort of patients | CCGS) appears to reduce Norfolk and Norwich University Hospitals NHS Foundation Trust | | | 90604 | 6276 | 6.95 | 97.08 |
| yours. | by up to 17% (although the numbers | United Lincolnshire Hospitals NHS Trust | | | 73685 | 5592 | 7.61 | 97.3 |
| | are relatively small). | Barts Health NHS Trust | | | 115348 | 9484 | 8.39 | 97.56 |
| | , | Nottingham University Hospitals NHS Trust | | | 104033 | 8942 | 8.64 | 98.84 |
| | A reduction in readmissions in this cohort of | Imperial College Healthcare NHS Trust | | | 96941 | 7198 | 7.51 | 99.85 |
| | patients of 10% would deliver the target in the | Pennine Acute Hospitals NHS Trust | | | 95340 | 7983 | 8.4 | 100.06 |
| | Quality Commitment for 2016/17. | The Newcastle Upon | Tyne Hospitals NHS Foundati | on Trust | 110133 | 8418 | 7.65 | 102 |
| | Next steps need to include; | Oxford University Ho | spitals NHS Foundation Trust | | 98611 | 7457 | 7.61 | 104.16 |
| | 1. Expanding the pilot to provide 7 day | University Hospitals | Of Leicester NHS Trust | | 125360 | 10839 | 8.71 | 107.05 |
| | cover across 3 sites within UHL for | University Hospitals | Of North Midlands NHS Trust | | 100032 | 9243 | 9.33 | 107.65 |
| | review of identified high risk patients | East Kent Hospitals U | niversity NHS Foundation Tru | st | 91784 | 7996 | 8.74 | 109.24 |
| | through the discharge service. | Heart Of England NH | S Foundation Trust | | 118677 | 11448 | 9.66 | 112.13 |
| | Communicating to GPs the risk of readmission in the discharge letters. | Sheffield Teaching H | ospitals NHS Foundation Trus | t | 112350 | 9748 | 8.69 | 112.45 |
| | 3. Leicester city CCG are appointing 4 | | | | | | | |
| | band 7 case managers to take UHL referrals. | | Q3 2016/ ⁻ | 17 subject | to supp | oort for the n | ext steps | identified |
| | A meeting has been arranged between | target | | | | | | |
| | Urology, Infection prevention, CCGs and LPT to address urinary catheter related readmissions. | Lead Direct Lead Office | | Andrew Furlong, Interim Medical Director Matt Metcalfe, Deputy Medical Director | | | | |

No. of # Neck of femurs operated on < 36 hrs

| What is causing underperformance? | What actions have been taken to improve performance? | Target (mthly / end of year) | Mar | ch pe | rforr | mance | Y | | rforma 15/16 | | Э | perf | | ance for porting |
|---|--|--|---------------|-----------|--------|--|-----------------|----------|-----------------|----------------|----|--------|-------------------|------------------------|
| There were 63 NOF admissions in March 2016, 17 patients breached the 36 hr target to theatre as detailed below:- Medically Unfit – 7pts List over ran therefore pt cancelled Weekend – 4pts | The Chief Resident / Trauma schedulers/Clinical aides are now all in post. Additional anaesthetic PA's have been scheduled to provide pre op assessment on certain days. | 72.0% Performance No. of # Neck of femuloperated on 0-35 hrs on Admissions | rs | onth f | Nay-15 | Jun-15 Jul-1 | | Sep-15 | | | | | | Mar-16 YTD 65.1% 63.8% |
| LGH transfer for THR – 2pts Higher priority pt – 1 pt ITU Issue– 1pt List over ran weekday – 1pt Required hip surgeon – 1pt Medication issues – 2pts There were also patients who are included in the denominator who did not have surgery in their pathway / RIP'd. Increased number of patients | New prioritisation pathways and check lists have been implemented. Discussions ongoing with anaesthesia re additional weekend NOF list cover to extend hours. Breach dates of patients now included on theatre lists and on ORMIS by schedulers. | 90.0% 80.0% 70.0% 60.0% 50.0% 40.0% 30.0% 20.0% 10.0% | No. 0 | of # Neck | of fen | nurs operat | ed on 0- | 35 hrs - | 70.9% | 1 Adm 59.79 | 66 | - | ♦ 55.2% | 65.1% |
| admitted who were not clinically fit for surgery despite ortho geri intervention. These patients were frail and vulnerable on admission and required extensive stabilisation. OG services stretched to capacity and no backfill when pulled to | Theatre utilisation is being tracked monthly to optimise usage and reduce downtime between cases. THR's to be undertaken at LRI – training of theatre staff commenced. | Apr-15 | May-15 | Jun-15 | Jul-15 | Aug-15 | Sep-15 | Oct-15 | Nov-15 | Dec-15 | | Jan-16 | Feb-16 | Mar-16 |
| medicine. Reduced numbers of junior medical staff on the NOF ward also affected performance. | Raised via CMG board OG cover and gaps in service. | Expected day standard / ta Revised date standard Lead Directo Officer | rget to me | eet | | Quarte capaci Richard Catheri | ty I Powe | er, MS | SS CD | | | | | itre |

52 week breaches (incompletes)

Target Forecast What actions have been taken to improve YTD March What is causing underperformance? (mthly / end performance for performance? performance performance of year) next period The Trust had 232 patients on an **Orthodontics** incomplete pathway breaching 52 0 The Orthodontics service is now closed 232 232 197 weeks at the end of March. 227 to referrals with some clinical exceptions. patients were from the Orthodontics The problem which surfaced in Orthodontics prompted a deliberate, • With the TDA and NHS England, UHL Department, one patient was from Trust-wide review of planned waiting lists at specialty level. Therefore have identified treatment opportunities General Surgery and four patients were the following actions have been taken Trust-wide: from across the regional health economy from the ENT department. • Communication around planned waiting list management to all for the majority of the patients on the Orthodontics waiting list and are in talks

Orthodontics

The reasons for underperformance in Orthodontics are as follows:

- Incorrect use and management of a planned waiting list.
- Inadequate capacity within the service to see patients when they are ready for treatment.

General Surgery

The General Surgery patient breached due to an administrative error, which meant that a separate pathway was created when the patient was referred from Gastroenterology for treatment of the same condition. This was exacerbated by extremely long waits for first OP appointments in both services and multiple diagnostics, as well as two failed attempts at MRCP.

ENT

The ENT patients breached as a result of administrative errors and the impact of severe winter pressures, which exacerbated the existing fundamental between demand mismatch and capacity in the service.

General Surgery

• Both Gastro and General Surgery have reduced their first OP wait through use of IS providers/ super weekends.

with two further providers, which would

guarantee capacity for all patients to be

treated in the East Midlands area either

in a community provider or a secondary

care trust. The service team are in the

process of transferring patients to these

providers, explaining the drop in reported

numbers from the end of February (261).

The Trust is reporting weekly to the TDA.

- RTT refresher training has been recommended for General Surgery administrative staff.
- This patient was treated on 2nd April.

ENT

- ENT will begin OP clinics using Medinet from 23rd April. The longer term plan will include IP lists as well.
- Recruitment initiatives continue to increase the service's capacity as well as outsourcing some patient cohorts, including Balance.

- relevant staff:
- System review of all waiting list codes;
- · All General Managers and Heads of Service have signed a letter confirming review and assurance of all waiting lists, to be returned to Richard Mitchell;
- Weekly review at Heads of Operations meeting for assurance.

Looking forward

• The Trust is forecasting non-compliance with the RTT standard in quarter 1 of 2016-17 due to the significant impact of winter pressures on the admitted position as well as the deterioration in performance in ENT. While this should not mean that more patients breach 52 weeks, General Surgery and ENT remain very high risk due to the high number of cancellations both services are experiencing, in addition to the impact of the junior doctor strike days.

| Expected date to meet standard / target | May for non-orthodontic patients |
|---|---|
| Lead Director / Lead | Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer |
| Officer | Will Monaghan, Director of Performance |
| | and Information |

6 Week Diagnostic Test Waiting Times

| What is causing underperformance? | What actions have been taken to improve performance? | Target (mthly / end of year) | Latest month performance (UHL Alliance) | YTD performance (UHL Alliance) | performance for next reporting period |
|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Imaging | The diagnostic backlog has continued to | 71/0 | 1.1% | 1.1% | <1% |
| Thoro word 02 Imaging broaches | improve from the and of Echruary position | | | | |

at the end of March with a breakdown of 55 MRIs, 34 CTs, 2 ultrasounds and 1 barium enema. While a proportion of these were cardiac. the position exacerbated by a high volume of annual leave during March, which could not be covered, as well as unplanned machine down time meaning a small number of patients breached unexpectedly.

Endoscopy

In total there were 88 breaches across UHL and Alliance, the majority of which 35 were endocapsules with no capacity to be booked within month. The rest of the breaches were either propofol patients who could not be booked in month or consultant-only patients for which there was no capacity. All of the Alliance Endoscopy breaches were UHL long waiters.

There were 92 Imaging breaches improve from the end of February position with an overall reduction of 1,694 patients breaching 6 weeks from the August high.

Imaging

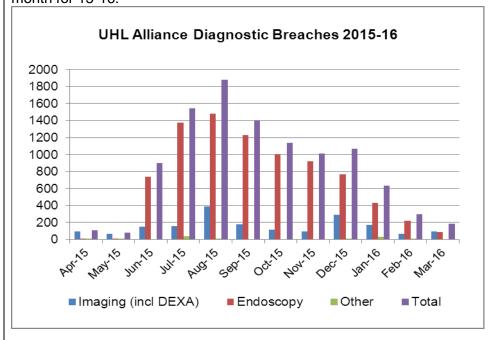
Machine stability remains an issue; all extra capacity is being utilised in MRI to minimise the number of breaches. Some extra sessions continue that run up to midnight.

Endoscopy

Twice-weekly phone calls are taking place between the Performance function and the Endoscopy service team to ensure momentum and help problem solving. While IS capacity is now being scaled back, there will be 2 Medinet and one Your World list in April to ensure that the capacity lost through the junior doctor strikes is accounted for.

The extra capacity is complemented by a robust action plan addressing general performance issues in the service, with particular focus on ensuring that all lists are fully booked and efforts to improve cancer performance via access to Endoscopy tests.

The following graph outlines the total number of diagnostic breaches per month for 15-16:



The Trust is confident that the overall diagnostic position will be recovered for the end of April 2016.

| Expected date to meet standard / target | April 2016 |
|---|--|
| Lead Director / Lead Officer | Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer Suzanne Khalid, Clinical Director CSI |

Cancelled patients not offered a date within 28 days of the cancellations

INDICATORS: The cancelled operations target comprises of three components: 1. The % of cancelled operations for non-clinical reasons On The Day (OTD) of admission

2. The number of patients cancelled who are offered another date within 28 days of the cancellation

| (OTD) of admission 2 . The number of patients cancelled who are offered another date within 28 days of the cancellation | | | | | | |
|--|---|-------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| What is causing underperformance? | What actions have been taken to improve performance? | Target (monthly) | Latest month | YTD performance (inc Alliance) | Forecast performance for next reporting period | |
| In UHL 60.5% (90/149) of cancellations were cancelled due to capacity pressures. The five main reasons for cancellations in UHL were: Ward bed unavailability (56) Lack of theatre time due to list over runs (32) Critical care bed unavailability (26) | exception reporting is now better able to identify any over | 1) 0.8% 2) 0 | 1.4%(1.5% UHI & 1.0% Alliance 2. 14 (ENT- 6, General Surg -3, Urology 3, Ophthalmology - Maxfax 1) | e) UHL & 0.9% Alliance) 2) 49 | 1) 1.1 %2) 13 | |
| Sickness of Surgeons and theatre staff (11) Patient delayed due to admission of a higher priority patient(8) This month, increasing capacity pressures due to lack of ward beds in LRI, and critical care beds, have impacted on the number of cancellations. The capacity pressures were caused mainly by increase in emergency admissions. A high amount of medical outliers in LRI on the Day ward and the ward 7 led to cancellations. The high outlier numbers also led patient being cancelled the day before which led to a significant increase in 28 day breaches. | cancellations and 28 day rebooking of patients. The availability of beds, particularly those in ITU is monitored daily and interventions will be made where necessary. The planned opening of an additional 6 ITU beds at the LRI is anticipated before the end of April. Theatre Managers have increased theatre capacity for the increased cancer demand by making additional lists available. Theatre capacity planning for 2016/17 is well | 1.5% | — Cancellation % 2015/16 Cancellation % 2014/15 Cancellation % 2013/14 National Target | 0.9% 0.8% O.2% O.2% | 1.4% | |
| Due to the adult ward bed and critical care pressures, it is likely that we will see | | Expected d standard / t | | On the day – May 2016 8 day – June 2016 |) | |
| around eight, 28 day breaches next month. Alliance already reported five 28 day breaches for April. | | Lead Direct Officer | | Richard Mitchell, Chief Phil Walmsley. Head of | . • | |

NHS e-Referral System (formerly known as Choose and Book)

| What is causing underperformance? | What actions have been taken to improve performance? | Target (mthly / end of year) | Latest month performance | YTD performance | Forecast performance for next reporting period | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| The Trust is measured on the % of Appointment Slot Unavailability (ASI) per month. | Action plan An action plan has been written outlining steps for recovering performance. This | <4% | Unable to report | Unable to report | No forecast as unable to measure | |
| UHL has not met the required standard of <4% for approximately two years. When it has been able to reach this standard, it has not been sustainable. | has been shared with commissioners. Capacity Additional capacity in key specialties is part of RTT recovery and sustainability | As a result of the significant challenges experienced post-cut of from Choose and Book, the HSCIC have indicated that they will not releasing weekly ASI data until further notice. A date for publication these reports has not been confirmed. This means that the Trust currently unable to track and report on progress in the usual manner. New Appointment Slot Issue (ASI) Process In light of the difficulties experienced by services in managing th ASIs on ERS, a new process is being rolled out across all specialtie following a pilot. This process aims to simplify the UHL administration processes related to ERS as well as promote standardised practice. | | | | |
| The two most significant factors causing underperformance are: • Shortage of outpatient capacity; • Inadequate training and education of administrative staff in the set up and use of the NHS | Training and Education Training and education of staff in key specialties continues, to ensure that the system is adequately set up and | | | | | |
| e-Referral System (ERS). The specialties with the highest number of ASIs are: General Surgery; Orthopaedics; Paediatric and Adult ENT; Gastroenterology; Gynaecology. | administrative processes are fit for purpose; Meetings are taking place with the specialties experiencing the highest rate of ASIs, focusing on awareness raising and seeking named accountability. Current focus is on working with specialties with no known capacity | The Advice ar clinical advice hospital. Analy 84% of these that of the 460 | from a service raysis of the last year cases, a referral in | ather than directly ar's A&G requests to UHL is then av a A&G, only 68 p | lows a GP to seek y referring into the s has found that in voided. This means patients required an | |
| - Cynacoology. | problems, but high ASI rates to raise awareness and promote accountability. Additional resource to support the e-Referral System The ERS administrator is working with key specialties to help reduce their ASIs. Advice and Guidance for suspe A new A&G service launched on for LOGI patients. This service all opinion as opposed to as a 2 fortnightly for these patients to be Expected date to To be confirmed. | | | 29 th March as an llows GPs to requ llows with outpation seen in if required | alternative to 2ww lest an urgent A&G ent clinics running | |
| key specialties to help reduce their ASIs and promote administrative housekeeping. | | meet standard target Lead Director / Lead Officer | Richard Mitche | ell, Chief Operating a, Director of Perfo | | |

Ambulance handover > 30 minutes and>60 minutes

| | | Target | Mar 16 | YTD | Forecast |
|--|---|--|--|----------------------------------|--|
| What is causing underperformance? | What actions have been taken to improve performance? | 0 delays over 15 minutes | >60 min – 10 11% 30-60 min – 13% | >60 min - 13% 30-60 min - 19% | > 60 min - 9% 30-60 min - 10% |
| Difficulties continue in accessing beds and high occupancy in ED leading to congestion in the assessment area and delays ambulance handover. | CCG's, EMAS and UHL continue to work together to improve ambulance handover times. EMAS and UHL have weekly conference calls to progress actions and identify further opportunities for improvement. UHL have put in place a Service manager to work with EMAS in hours to ensure handovers are as efficient as possible, with an internal CMG escalation to address any in hour issues. Out of hours a management and escalation process with DOC and CEO is in place. EMAS have provided staffing to care for patients in the red zones in ED to enable crews to be released earlier to improve handover times. This is in conjunction with other recommendations from the Unipart report. UHL have implemented a Standard Operating Procedure which ensures that patients attend the right location in ED or are redirected as required. UHL have put into place a member of staff to triage patients should they be waiting on the back of ambulances to identify the acuity of patients along with EMAS stating their DPS of the patient on booking into ED. Two trials have taken place in April to increase major's capacity. This had a positive result on ambulance handovers and as such an extended trial is being planned. | 25% 20% 15% 10% Solution Ambulance Handover > 6 Ambulance Handover > | Handover Tim Tinl-12 So Mins (CAD+ from 80 Mins and <60 m) Sub-12 Internal standard July 2016 TBC | n June 15) ins (CAD+ from Jun | War-16 (15) War-16 (20) |

Cancer Waiting Times Performance

| What is causing |
|-------------------|
| underperformance? |

31 day first treatment

UHL's performance against this standard was 92.4%. This target was predominantly failed as a result of Urology performance; this service has inadequate elective capacity and while RTT lists are regularly taken down to prioritise cancer patients, the tumour site still had thirteen 31 day breaches in February. This accounts for more than half of the Trust's total breaches.

31 day subsequent (surgery)

Performance against this standard in February was 77.9%. This dip in performance has continued from January and can be attributed to severe emergency pressures experienced at UHL throughout February, as well as known capacity gaps in both Urology and Gynae.

62 day RTT

62 day performance remains below target at 72.8% in February. While this performance is very low, it does mean that a high volume of backlog patients were treated during the month - 51 in total, which is the second highest number of any month in 15-16. The main pressures remain robust patient pathways and supporting processes, inadequate theatre capacity and shortages in consultant staff. The only tumour sites to achieve the standard were Breast and Skin. However, Lower GI, Lung and Urology all treated a large number of backlog patients, which is reflected by their improved backlogs in recent weeks.

What actions have been taken to improve performance?

Current cancer performance is an area of significant concern across UHL and focus on recovery is one of the Trust's highest priorities. The weekly cancer action board chaired by the Director Of Performance and Information with mandatory attendance by all tumour site leads ensures that corrective actions are taken.

The Chief Operating Officer hosted an LiA event to focus on Cancer in November, which was very well attended by clinical and administrative/ management staff both internal and external to the Trust. The key message from this was the patient needed to leave every appointment knowing what the next step is and having it booked. The Trust has initiated a programme 'Next Steps' for cancer patients in 3 key tumour sites. The pilot started in the Prostate pathway in early April.

31 day first treatment: Recovery in Gynae and Urology are key to the achievement of this standard. Gynae and Urology both have a shortage of theatre capacity; additional long term capacity is in the process of being identified and current arrangements are being complemented by extra sessions/ weekend working.

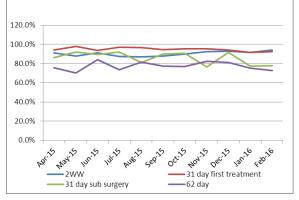
31 day subsequent (surgery): Across all tumour sites cancer cases are prioritised over RTT patients, however cancellations due to emergency pressures are having an impact. This is likely to get worse in April due to the four strike days. Significant investment in more clinical staff has also been planned, including a nurse specialist in Urology, which will help improve performance. The key issue in Urology is inadequate elective capacity; as mentioned above plans to increase their theatre capacity are ongoing.

62 day RTT: Lower GI, Head and Neck, Lung and Urology remain the most pressured tumour sites. Several services are advertising for additional consultant staff including Head and Neck and Skin; however successful recruitment cannot be guaranteed due to shortages of suitable candidates. Improvements in Endoscopy and CT colon implementation are starting to improve performance in Lower/ Upper GI. Three band 7 service managers with responsibility for managing cancer pathways in our worst performing tumour sites are in post and providing the key focus required. 62 day backlog reduction is steadily taking place. A Remedial Action Plan has been submitted to commissioners; this is updated weekly via the Trust's Cancer Action Board and monitored monthly via the joint Cancer and RTT Board.

| Target (mthly / end of year) | Latest month performance February | Performance to date 2015/16 | Forecast performance for March |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 2WW (Target: 93%) | 93.9% | 90.2% | 93% |
| 31 day 1 st (Target: 96%) | 92.4% | 94.9% | 91% |
| 31 day sub – Surgery (Target: 94%) | 77.9% | 85.7% | 82% |
| 62 day RTT (Target: 85%) | 72.8% | 77.4% | 77% |
| 62 day screening (Target: 90%) | 72.5% | 89.8% | 88% |

UHL is planning for a growth of 11% in 2WW referrals during 2016-17 and a growth of 9% in patients treated with cancer.

Cancer performance 2015-16 M1-11



| Expected date to meet standard / target | 62 day pathway: September 2016 |
|---|--|
| Revised date to meet standard | 31 day 1 st treatment/ 31 day sub – Surgery: June 2016 (prev. May 2016) |
| Lead Director / Lead Officer | Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer Matt Metcalfe, Clinical Lead for Cancer |

Cancer Patients Breaching 104 days

What is causing underperformance?

21 cancer patients on the 62 day pathway breached 104 days at the end of March across five tumour sites.

| Tumour site | Number of patients breaching 104 days |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Lung | 6 |
| Lower GI | 6 |
| Gynaecology | 2 |
| Head and Neck | 2 |
| Urology | 5 |

The following factors have significantly contributed to delays:

| Reason | No. patients |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Patient fitness | 8 |
| Patient compliance | 2 |
| Patient choice | 2 |
| Anaesthetic review delay | 1 |
| Complex diagnostic pathway | 4 |
| Patient thinking time | 1 |
| Tertiary referral | 1 |
| PSA surveillance (Urology) | 1 |
| LTFU (Lung) | 1 |

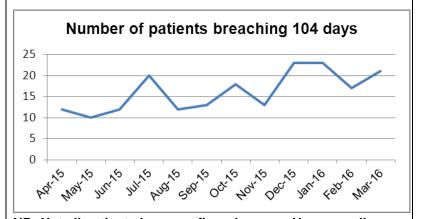
What actions have been taken to improve performance?

Current cancer performance is an area of significant concern across UHL and is given the highest priority by the executive and operational teams. The weekly cancer action board chaired by the Director Of Performance and Information with mandatory attendance by all tumour site leads ensures that corrective actions are taken.

The number of patients breaching 104 days on a 62 day pathway has increased by 4 from the end of February; however this is driven by over a third of the patients having their treatment delayed due to fitness reasons. A number of these patients are very unwell with either two primary cancers or require cardiac surgery before commencing cancer treatment.

Month by month breakdown of patients breaching 104 days

The graph below outlines the number of cancer patients breaching 104 days by month for 15-16:



NB: Not all patients have confirmed cancer. However all patients breaching 104 days undergo a formal 'harm review' process and these are reviewed by commissioners

| Expected date to meet standard / target | N/A |
|---|---|
| Revised date to meet standard | N/A |
| Lead Director | Richard Mitchell, Chief Operating Officer |
| / Lead Officer | Matt Metcalfe, Clinical Lead for Cancer |